

Retrospective analysis of treating therapy resistant ulcers with a full thickness skin substitute (Tiscover)



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Disclosure: Prof. Gibbs is co-founders of university spin-off company A-SkinBV

Chronic wounds

- Leg ulcers, diabetic foot ulcers, pressure ulcers, chronic wounds occurring after major surgery
- Leg ulcers: 1% of the population;
4-5% of individuals \geq 80 years
- High costs (>1% total budget)
- Can exist for many years



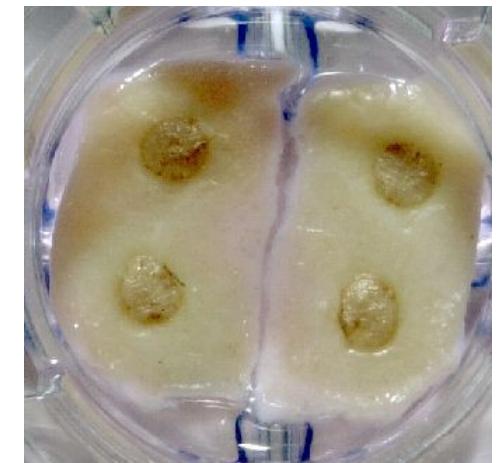
Autologous skin substitute: Tiscover

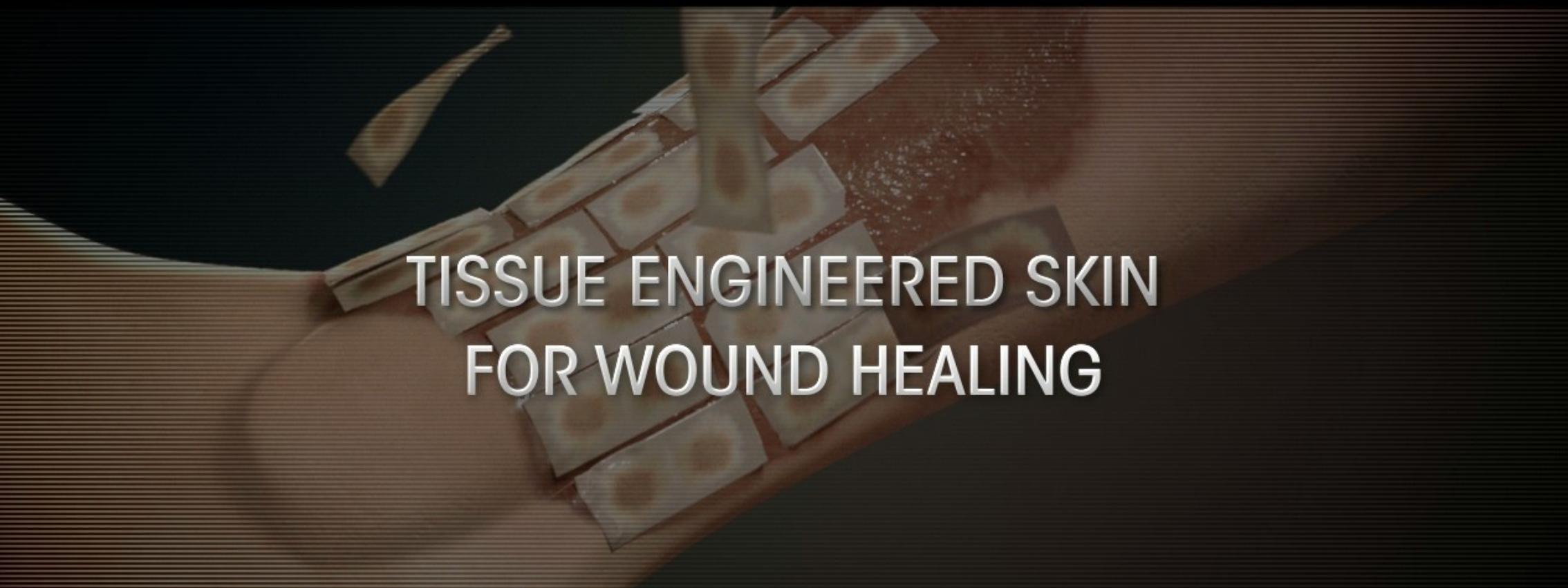
advantages:

- Patient own cells, therefore no rejection
- Secretes many cytokines, chemokines and growth factors which stimulate wound healing

indication:

- Therapy resistant chronic wounds





TISSUE ENGINEERED SKIN
FOR WOUND HEALING

Advantage above split skin grafting

- Donor site is very small, results in fast healing with good scar
- direct release of cytokines and growth factors
- Full thickness skin, not fragile, less chance of recurrence

Advantages above acellular dressing

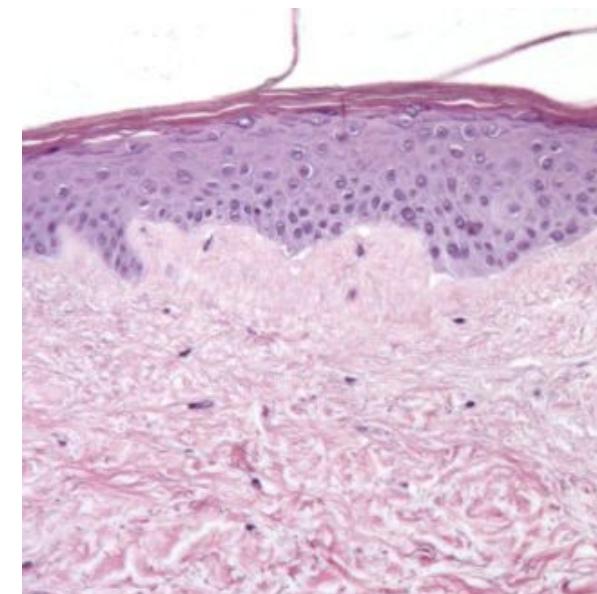
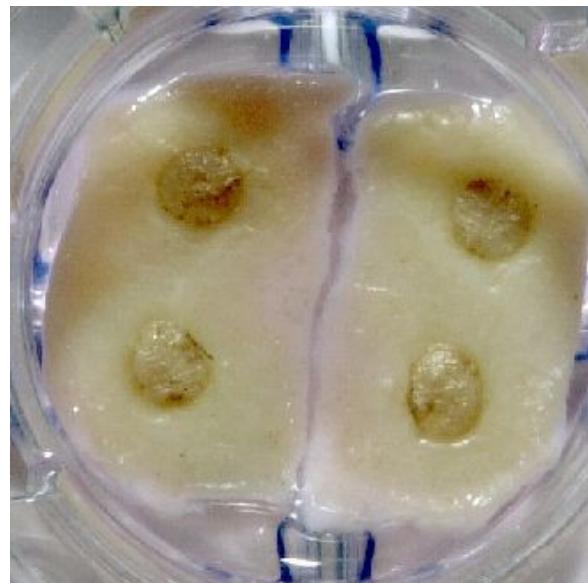
- Only one or 2 applications required
- Patient own skin cells
- Direct release of cytokines and growth factors
- Stimulates angiogenesis, granulation tissue and epithelialization

Aim of pilot-study

evaluate safety and efficacy of

Tiscover

for treating therapy resistant ulcers



Background Tiscover

- 3 mm biopsies
- two 3 mm biopsies make 3 cm^2 Tiscover
- After 3 weeks Tiscover is ready to use

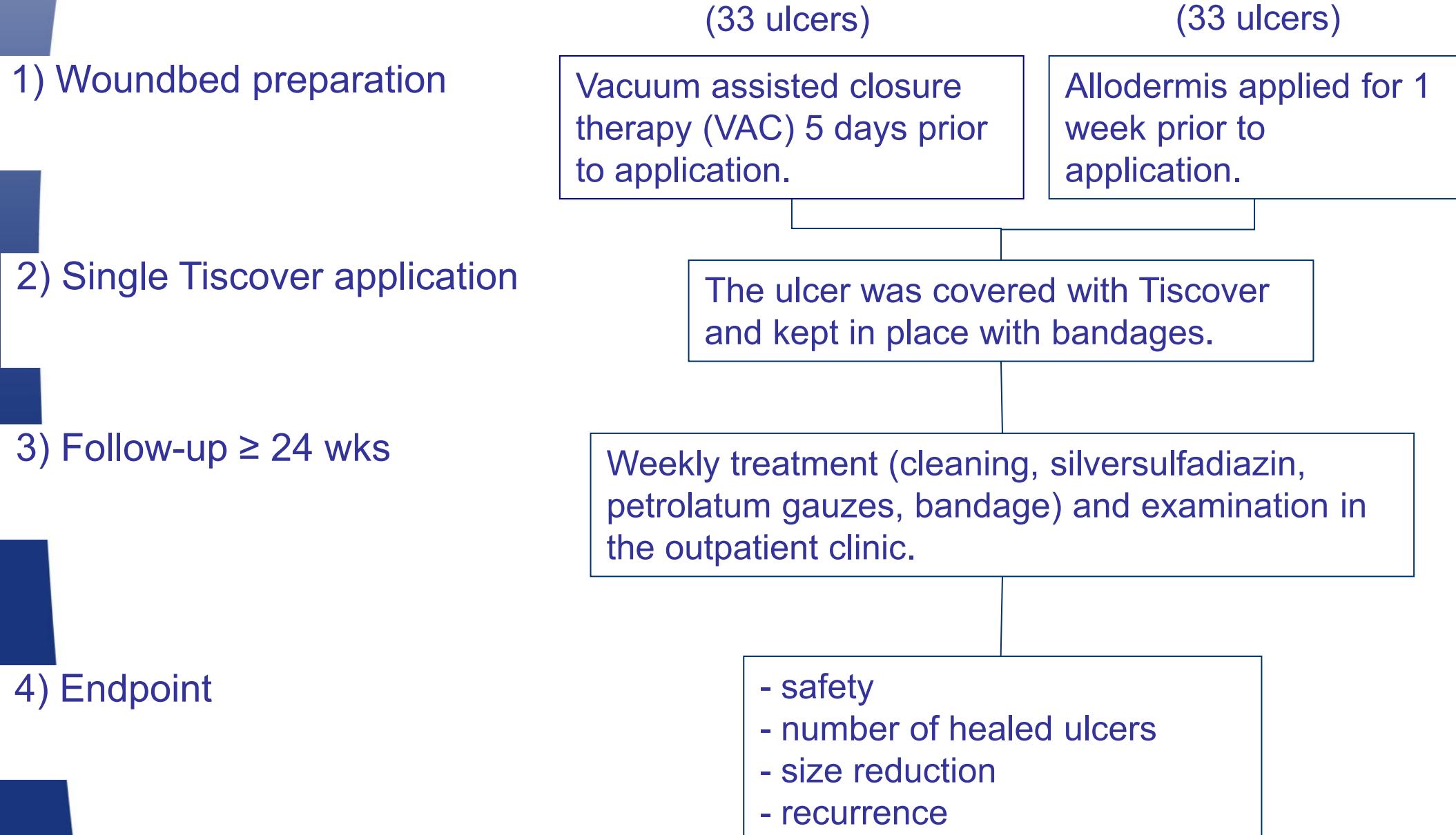


Material & methods

Retrospective study 2004–2010:

- Treatment Tiscover
- 5 studies:
 - i. Pilot
 - ii. Insurance initiated
 - iii. Nursing home
 - iv. Individual case studies
 - v. Interim multicenter trial
- 7 Dutch Centers (VU medical center; hospitals; nursing homes etc)
- 83 patients (99 ulcers) treated in different studies
- Inclusion criteria for retrospective study:
 - ulcer duration > 12 wks (arterio-venous; post-traumatic; pressure)
 - no intention to heal using standard therapy
 - follow-up > 24 wks (at least)
 - no age limit
 - **66 ulcers**

Material & methods



Patient characteristics

	(arterio-)venous	post-operative	pressure (grade 3-4)	total
number ulcers	49	9	8	66
age				
median (range)	79 (45-91)	62 (39-87)	62.5 (36-92)	76 (36-92)
gender				
male	14	4	4	22
female	35	5	4	44

Ulcer size and duration before treatment with Tiscover

	(arterio-)venous	post-operative	pressure	total
ulcer size (cm²)				
median (range)	5.6 (0.75-150)	35 (2-147)	3.1 (1.2-13)	5.7 (0.75-150)
ulcer duration (yrs)				
median (range)	2 (0.33-32)	2.5 (0.5-14)	1.7 (1-7)	2 (0.33-32)

Application Tiscover

Woundbed before application:
debridement

Tiscover on the wound

1 week after Tiscover application





Application: Venous Ulcus

VU medisch centrum



14 years open



8 weeks later



11 months later



Application: Venous Ulcus



WK -3



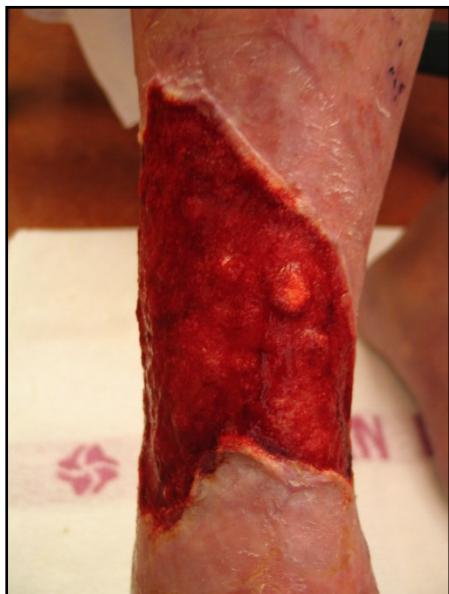
1 week after Tiscover application



WK 12



wound closed, week 24



ulcus cruris



+ Tiscover



after 12 weeks



after 24 weeks

Abdomen post-operative wound

before



3 days



3 months



2 years



Pressure ulcers



Heel ulcer
2 yrs open



wk 9



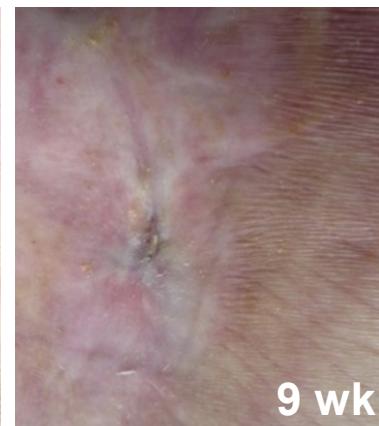
Heel ulcer –
1 yr open



wk 24



Sacral ulcer –
1.5 yrs open



9 wk



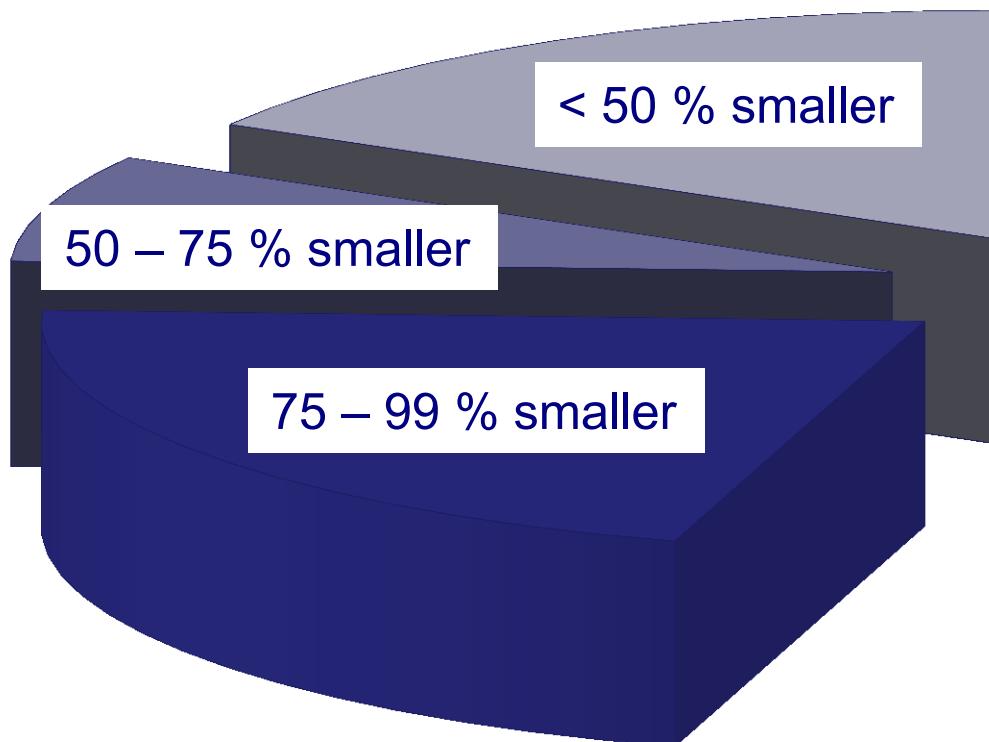
Ulcer toe –
7 yrs open



6 wk

Retrospective analysis of ulcer healing with Tiscover

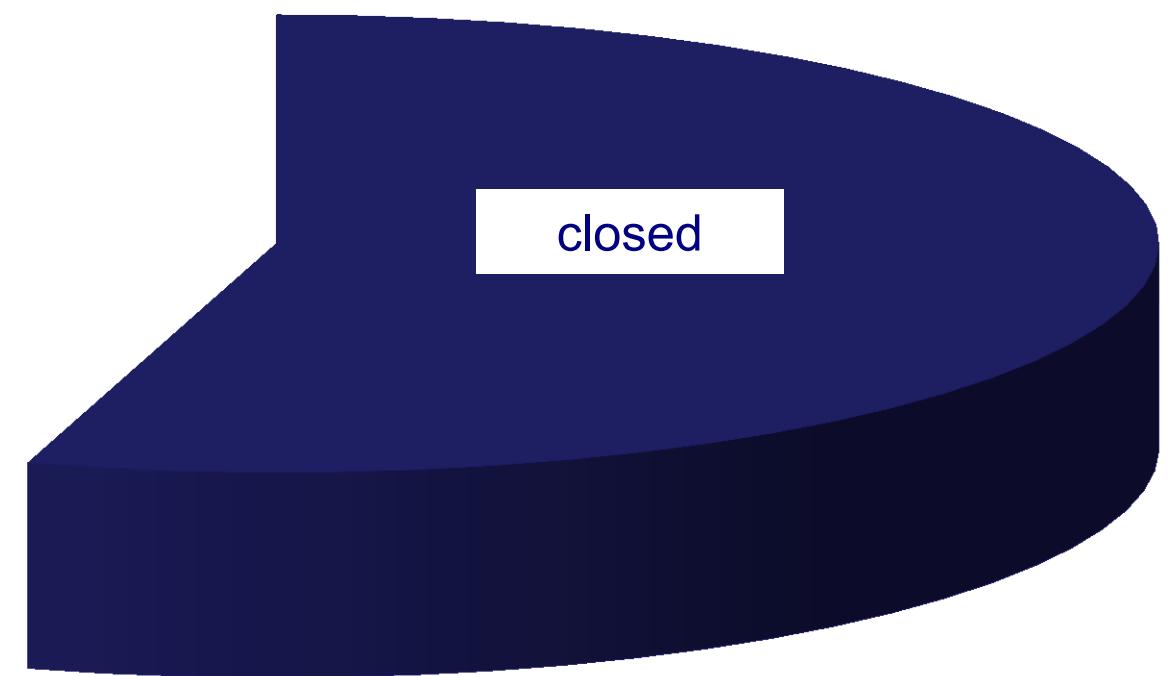
single application, 24 week follow-up, 66 ulcers
(arterio-)venous, decubitus, post-operative ulcers



55 % closed

29 % decreased in size between 50-99 %

Total healing = 84 % of ulcers



ulcer recurrence

- 32 of 36 closed ulcers available for follow-up 1 yr later
- 27: still closed (84%)
- 5: recurrence
- 3: not available for follow-up

Conclusion

- Multi-centre: 7 Dutch centres
- 83 patients (99 ulcers treated)
- 1 moderate possibly related adverse event: lymph node inflammation
- 1 minor possibly related adverse event:
mild asymptomatic transient erythema
- Therefore Tiscover is safe to use
- Phase 2 multi-centre study underway
 - VUmc, Centrum Oosterwal, Slotervaart Ziekenhuis en Flevo ziekenhuis,
St. Franciscus Gasthuis, Ziekenhuisgroep Twente
 - Hospital exemption granted by IGZ for The Netherlands

VUmc Dermatology, Amsterdam



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Bibi van Montfrans
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Menno de Rie
Rick Hoekzema

Tiscover Trial Locations:

- Centrum Oosterwal (drs. M. Mooij)
- Slotervaart Ziekenhuis (drs. J. Serrarens)
- Flevo Ziekenhuis (drs. W. Roest)
- ZiekenhuisGroep Twente (dr. C. Hebeda)
- St. Francis Gasthuis (dr. M. Loots)
- Dermatologisch centrum Isala, Isala klinieken (drs. H.Y.Lam)
- Groene Hart Ziekenhuis (dr. I. Bruynzeel)
- Evean Zorg Waterland (A. van der Kraan)
- Vivium Zorggroep (G. van Brakel)
- Rode Kruis Ziekenhuis (dr. A. Vloemans)

Current financers:



Agentschap NL
Ministerie van Economische Zaken,
Landbouw en Innovatie



AGIS



Agentschap NL
Ministerie van Economische Zaken,
Landbouw en Innovatie



Past financers:

Oproep:

Patienten insturen voor onze studie?

Triallocatie worden?

Informatie aanvragen?

Neem contact met ons op via:

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